

# 25-06314

SN65LVDS047

SLLS416B-JUNE 2000-REVISED DECEMBER 2003

# LVDS QUAD DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER

## **FEATURES**

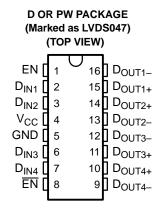
- >400 Mbps (200 MHz) Signaling Rates
- Flow-Through Pinout Simplifies PCB Layout
- 300 ps Maximum Differential Skew
- Propagation Delay Times 1.8 ns (Typical)
- 3.3 V Power Supply Design
- ±350 mV Differential Signaling
- High Impedance on LVDS Outputs on Power
   Down
- Conforms to TIA/EIA-644 LVDS Standard
- Industrial Operating Temperature Range (-40°C to 85°C)
- Available in SOIC and TSSOP Packages

## DESCRIPTION

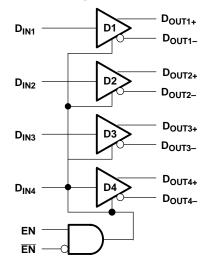
The SN65LVDS047 is a quad differential linedriver that implements the electrical characteristics of low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS). This signaling technique lowers the output voltage levels of 5-V differential standard levels (such as EIA/TIA-422B) to reduce the power, increase the switching speeds, and allow operation with a 3.3-V supply rail. Any of the four current-mode drivers will deliver a minimum differential output voltage magnitude of 247 mV into a 100- $\Omega$  load when enabled.

The intended application of this device and signaling technique is for point-to-point and multi-drop baseband data transmission over controlled impedance media of approximately  $100 \Omega$ . The transmission media may be printed-circuit board traces, backplanes, or cables. The ultimate rate and distance of data transfer is dependent upon the attenuation characteristics of the media, the noise coupling to the environment, and other system characteristics.

The SN65LVDS047 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.



### functional block diagram



## TRUTH TABLE<sup>(1)</sup>

INPUT	ENA	BLES	OUTPUTS		
D <sub>IN</sub>	EN	EN	D <sub>OUT+</sub>	D <sub>OUT-</sub>	
L	Н	L or OPEN	L	Н	
Н		LOTOPEN	Н	L	
Х	All other of	conditions	Z	Z	

(1) H = high level, L = low level, X = irrelevant, Z = high impedance (off)



## SN65LVDS047

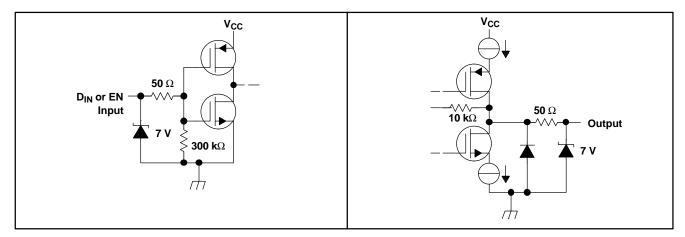


#### SLLS416B-JUNE 2000-REVISED DECEMBER 2003



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### EQUIVALENT INPUT AND OUTPUT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS



#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS<sup>(1)</sup>**

over operating free-air temperature (see <sup>(2)</sup> range (unless otherwise noted)

		UNIT
(V <sub>CC</sub> )	Supply voltage	-0.3 V to 4 V
V <sub>I</sub> (D <sub>IN</sub> )	Input voltage range	-0.3 V to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 V)
(EN, <u>EN</u> )	Enable input voltage	-0.3 V to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3 V)
V <sub>O</sub> (D <sub>OUT+</sub> ,D <sub>OUT-</sub> )	Output voltage	-0.5 V to (V <sub>CC</sub> +0.5 V)
(D <sub>OUT+</sub> ,D <sub>OUT-</sub> )	Bus-pinelectrostatic discharge, see <sup>(3)</sup>	>10 kV
(D <sub>OUT+,</sub> (D <sub>OUT-</sub> )	Short circuit duration	Continuous
	Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
	Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to network ground terminal.

(3) Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C Method 3015.7.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	OPERATING FACTOR <sup>(1)</sup> ABOVE $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	494 mW
PW	774 mW	6.2 mW/°C	402 mW

(1) This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	3	3.3	3.6	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature	-40	25	85	°C

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (see <sup>(1)</sup> and <sup>(2)</sup>) (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(3)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>OD</sub>	Differential output voltage		250	310	450	mV
n V <sub>OD</sub>	Change in magnitude of V <sub>OD</sub> for complementary output states			1	35	mV
V <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Steady-state, common-mode output voltage		1.125	1.17	1.375	V
nV <sub>OC(SS)</sub>	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage between logic states	$R_L = 100 \Omega$ , see Figure 1		1	25	mV
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output high voltage			1.33	1.6	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output low voltage		0.90	1.02		V
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage		2		V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage		GND		0.8	V
IIH	Input high current	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } 2.5 \text{ V}$	-10	3	10	μA
IIL	Input low current	V <sub>IN</sub> = GND or 0.4 V	-10	1	10	μA
V <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp voltage	I <sub>CL</sub> = -18 mA	-1.5	-0.8		V
I <sub>OS</sub>	Output short circuit current, see <sup>(4)</sup>	Enabled, $D_{IN} = V_{CC}$ , $D_{OUT+} = 0$ V or $D_{IN} = GND$ , $D_{OUT-} = 0$ V		-3.1	-9	mA
I <sub>OSD</sub>	Differential output short circuit current, see <sup>(4)</sup>	Enabled, V <sub>OD</sub> = 0 V			-9	mA
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-off leakage	$V_O = 0 V \text{ or } 3.6 V, V_{CC} = 0 V \text{ or}$ Open	-1		1	μΑ
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output 3-state current	EN = 0.8 V and $\overline{EN}$ = 2 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-1		1	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	No load supply current, drivers enabled	D <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		7		mA
I <sub>CCL</sub>	Loaded supply current, drivers enabled	$R_L$ = 100 $\Omega$ all channels, $D_{IN}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND (all inputs)		20	26	mA
I <sub>CC(Z)</sub>	No load supply current, drivers disabled	$\frac{D_{IN}}{EN} = V_{CC} \text{ or GND, EN} = GND,$ $\frac{D_{IN}}{EN} = V_{CC}$		0.5	1.3	mA

Current into device pin is defined as positive. Current out of the device is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground, (1) unless otherwise specified.

The SN65LVDS047 is a current mode device and only functions within data sheet specifications when a resistive load is applied to the (2)driver outputs, 90  $\Omega$  to 110  $\Omega$  typical range.

(3) All typical values are given for: V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.
(4) Output short circuit current (I<sub>OS</sub>) is specified as magnitude only, minus sign indicates direction only.

#### SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating conditions (see (1), (2) and (3) )(unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP( 4)	MAX	UNIT
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Differential propagation delay, high-to-low		1.4	1.8	2.8	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>	Differential propagation delay, low-to-high		1.4	1.8	2.8	ns
t <sub>SK(p)</sub>	Differential pulse skew (t <sub>PHLD</sub> - t <sub>PLHD</sub> ), see <sup>(5)</sup>			50	300	ps
t <sub>SK(o)</sub>	Channel-to-channel skew, see (6)	R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω,, C <sub>L</sub> = 15 pF,		40	300	ps
t <sub>SK(pp)</sub>	Differential part-to-part skew, see (7)	see Figure 2 and Figure 3			1	ns
t <sub>SK(lim)</sub>	Differential part-to-part skew, see (8)				1.2	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time			0.5	1.5	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time			0.5	1.5	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	Disable time high to Z			5.5	8	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Disable time low to Z	$R_1 = 100 \Omega_2, C_1 = 15 \text{ pF},$		5.5	8	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	Enable time Z to high	see Figure 4 and Figure 5		8.5	12	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	Enable time Z to low			8.5	12	ns
f <sub>(MAX)</sub>	Maximum operating frequency, see <sup>(9)</sup>			250		MHz

Generator waveform for all tests unless otherwise: f = 1 MHz,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r < 1$  ns, and  $t_f < 1$  ns. (1)

 $\rm C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance. (2)

(3) All input voltages are for one channel unless otherwise specified. Other inputs are set to GND.

- (4)
- All typical values are given for:  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .  $t_{SK(p)}|t_{PHL}-t_{PLH}|$  is the magnitude difference in differential propagation delay time between the positive going edge and the negative going (5) edge of the same channel.

 $t_{SK(o)}$  is the differential channel-to-channel skew of any event on the same device. (6)

t<sub>SK(pp)</sub> is the differential part-to-part skew, and is defined as the difference between the minimum and the maximum specified differential (7) propagation delays. This specification applies to devices at the same V<sub>CC</sub> and within 5°C of each other within the operating temperature range.

- t<sub>SK(lim)</sub> part-to-part skew, is the differential channel-to-channel skew of any event between devices. This specification applies to devices (8) over recommended operating temperature and voltage ranges, and across process distribution. t<sub>SK(lim)</sub> is defined as|Min - Max| differential propagation delay.
- $f_{(MAX)}$  generator input conditions:  $t_r = t_f < 1$  ns (0% to 100%), 50% duty cycle, 0 V to 3 V. Output criteria: duty cycle = 45% to55,  $V_{OD} > 250$  mV, all channels switching (9)

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

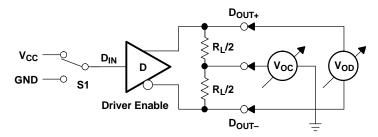


Figure 1. Driver  $V_{\text{OD}}$  and  $V_{\text{OC}}$  Test Circuit

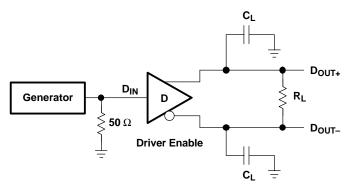


Figure 2. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Test Circuit

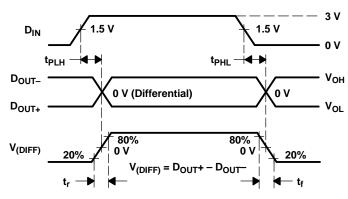
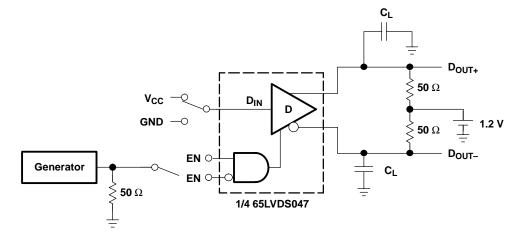


Figure 3. Driver Propagation Delay and Transition Time Waveforms

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)





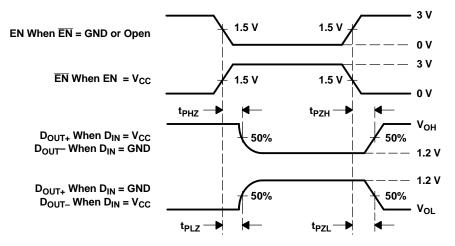
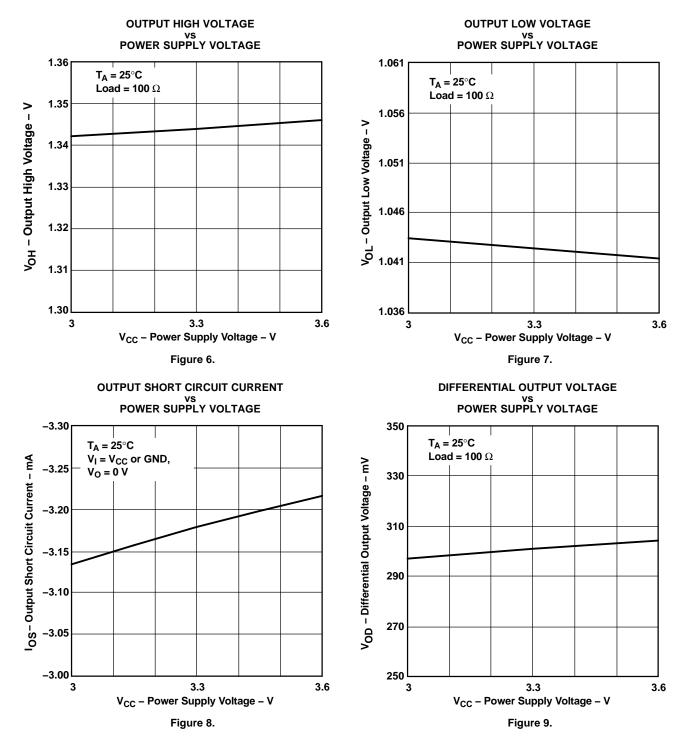


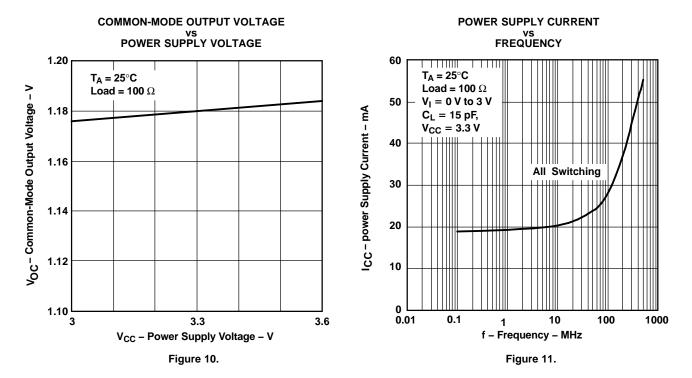
Figure 5. Driver 3-State Delay Waveform

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**





## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)**



#### PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status <sup>(1)</sup>	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan <sup>(2)</sup>	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp <sup>(3)</sup>
SN65LVDS047D	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047DG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047DR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047DRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047PW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047PWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047PWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
SN65LVDS047PWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details. TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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#### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

#### REEL DIMENSIONS

Texas Instruments





TSSOP

PW

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

SN65LVDS047PWR

#### TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

w

(mm)

16.0

12.0

Pin1

Quadrant

Q1

Q1

*All dimensions are nominal										
Device		Package Drawing			Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)
SN65LVDS047DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0

2000

330.0

12.4

6.9

5.6

1.6

8.0

16

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

14-Jul-2012



\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN65LVDS047DR	SOIC	D	16	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN65LVDS047PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



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# D (R-PDSO-G16) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE Stencil Openings (Note D) Example Board Layout (Note C) –16x0,55 -14x1,27 -14x1,27 16x1,50 5,40 5.40 Example Non Soldermask Defined Pad Example Pad Geometry (See Note C) 0,60 .55 Example 1. Solder Mask Opening (See Note E) -0,07 All Around

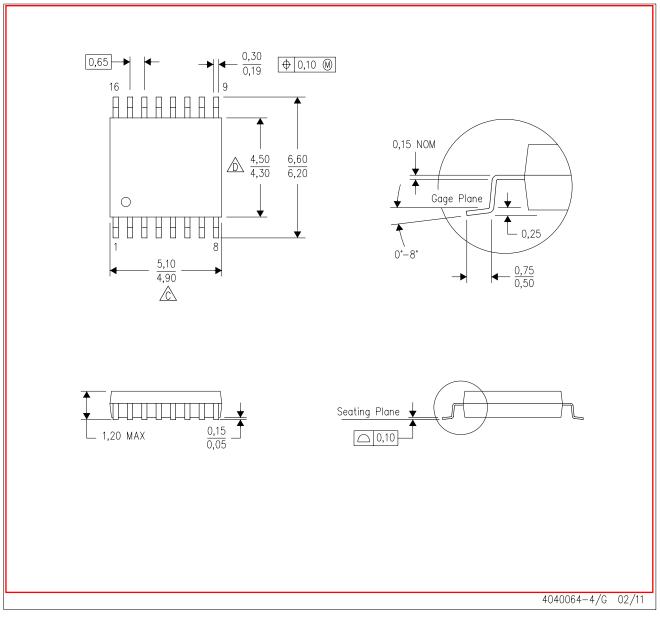
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
   E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

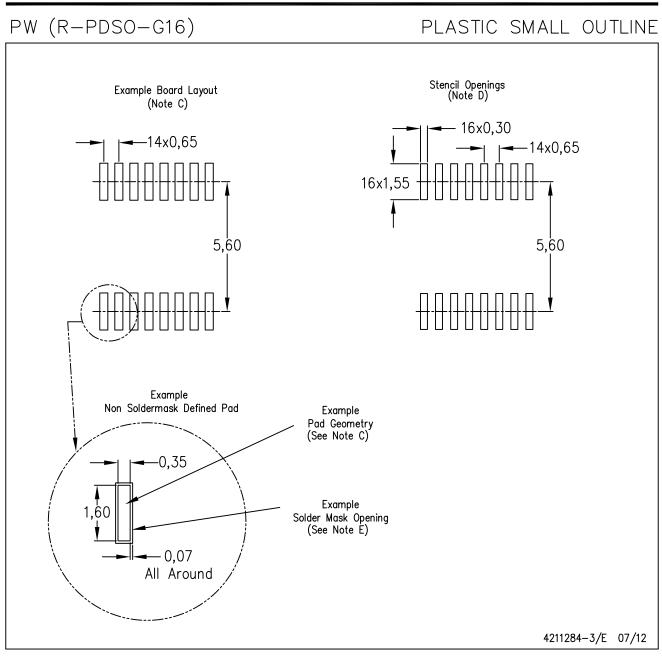
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 β. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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