25-05564

3D3608 & 3D3612

8-BIT & 12-BIT PROGRAMMABLE PULSE GENERATORS

(SERIES 3D3608 & 3D3612: PARALLEL INTERFACE)

FEATURES

- All-silicon, low-power CMOS technology
- 3.3V operation
- Vapor phase, IR and wave solderable
- Programmable via latched parallel interface
- Increment range: 0.25ns through 800us
- Pulse width tolerance: 1% (See Table 1)
- Supply current: 8mA typical
- **Temperature stability:** ±1.5% max (-40C to 85C)
- Vdd stability: ±1.0% max (3.0V to 3.6V)

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

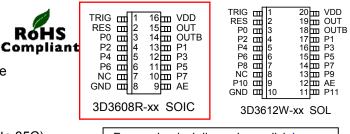
The 3D3608 & 3D3612 devices are versatile 8- & 12-bit programmable monolithic pulse generators. A rising-edge on the trigger input (TRIG) initiates the pulse, which is presented on the output pins (OUT,OUTB). The pulse width, programmed via the parallel interface, can be varied over 255 (3D3608) or 4095 (3D3612) equal steps according to the formula:

$$t_{PW} = t_{inh} + addr * t_{ind}$$

where addr is the programmed address, t_{inc} is the pulse width increment (equal to the device dash number), and t_{inh} is the inherent (address zero) pulse width. The device also offers a reset input (RES), which can be used to terminate the pulse before the programmed time has expired.

PACKAGES / PINOUTS

data dela



For mechanical dimensions, click <u>here</u>. For package marking details, click <u>here</u>.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

TRIG	Trigger Input
RES	Reset Input
OUT	Pulse Output
OUTB	Complementary
	Pulse Output
AE	Address Enable Input
P0-P11	Address Inputs
VDD	+3.3 Volts
GND	Ground
NC	Do not connect externally

The all-CMOS 3D3608 & 3D3612 integrated circuits have been designed as reliable, economic alternatives to hybrid TTL pulse generators. The 3D3608 is offered in a standard 16-pin SOIC, and the 3D3612 is offered in a standard 20-pin SOL.

PART # (8-BIT)	PART # (12-BIT)	Pulse Width Increment	Maximum P.W. (8-Bit)	Maximum P.W. (12-Bit)
3D3608R-0.25	3D3612W-0.25	$0.25 \text{ns} \pm 0.12 \text{ns}$	$78.25 \text{ns} \pm 3 \text{ns}$	1.04us ± 10ns
3D3608R-0.5	3D3612W-0.5	$0.50 \text{ns} \pm 0.25 \text{ns}$	$142.5 ns \pm 3 ns$	2.06us ± 21ns
3D3608R-1	3D3612W-1	1.0ns ± 0.5ns	$270 \text{ns} \pm 3 \text{ns}$	4.11us ± 41ns
3D3608R-2	3D3612W-2	2.0ns ± 1.0ns	$525 ns \pm 6 ns$	8.19us ± 82ns
3D3608R-5	3D3612W-5	$5.0\text{ns}\pm2.5\text{ns}$	1.28us ± 13ns	$20.5 \text{us} \pm 205 \text{ns}$
3D3608R-10	3D3612W-10	$10 \text{ns} \pm 5.0 \text{ns}$	$2.56 \text{us} \pm 26 \text{ns}$	$41.0 \text{us} \pm 410 \text{ns}$
3D3608R-20	3D3612W-20	20ns ± 10ns	$5.11 \text{us} \pm 52 \text{ns}$	$81.9 \text{us} \pm 819 \text{ns}$
3D3608R-50	3D3612W-50	$50 \text{ns} \pm 25 \text{ns}$	12.8us ± 128ns	$205 \text{us} \pm 2.1 \text{us}$
3D3608R-100	3D3612W-100	$100 \text{ns} \pm 50 \text{ns}$	$25.5 \text{us} \pm 255 \text{ns}$	$410 \text{us} \pm 4.1 \text{us}$
3D3608R-200	3D3612W-200	200ns ± 100ns	$51.0 \text{us} \pm 510 \text{ns}$	$819 \text{us} \pm 8.2 \text{us}$
3D3608R-500	3D3612W-500	$500 \text{ns} \pm 250 \text{ns}$	128us ± 1.3us	2.05ms ± 21us
3D3608R-1K	3D3612W-1K	$1.0\text{us}\pm0.5\text{us}$	$255 \text{us} \pm 2.6 \text{us}$	$4.10 \text{ms} \pm 41 \text{us}$
3D3608R-2K	3D3612W-2K	2.0us ± 1.0us	$510 \text{us} \pm 5.2 \text{us}$	8.19ms ± 82us
3D3608R-5K	3D3612W-5K	$5.0 \text{us} \pm 2.5 \text{us}$	1.28ms ± 13us	$20.5 ms \pm 205 us$
3D3608R-10K	3D3612W-10K	$10 \text{us} \pm 5.0 \text{us}$	$2.55 ms \pm 26 us$	$41.0ms\pm410us$
3D3608R-20K	3D3612W-20K	$20 \text{us} \pm 10 \text{us}$	$5.10 \text{ms} \pm 52 \text{us}$	$81.9 \text{ms} \pm 819 \text{us}$
3D3608R-50K	3D3612W-50K	$50 \text{us} \pm 25 \text{us}$	$12.8ms\pm128us$	$205 ms \pm 2.1 \ ms$

TABLE 1: PART NUMBER SPECIFICATIONS

PART #	Pulse Width	Maximum
(8-BIT)	Increment	P.W. (8-Bit)
3D3608R-100K	$100 \text{us} \pm 50 \text{us}$	$25.5 ms \pm 260 us$
3D3608R-200K	$200 \text{us} \pm 100 \text{us}$	$51.0ms\pm510us$
3D3608R-500K	$500 \text{us} \pm 250 \text{us}$	$128ms\pm1.3ms$
3D3608R-750K	$750 \text{us} \pm 375 \text{us}$	$191 \text{ms} \pm 1.9 \text{ms}$

NOTE: Any increment between 0.25ns and 800us (50us for the 12-bit generator) not shown is also available as a standard device.

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APPLICATION NOTES

GENERAL INFORMATION

Figure 1 illustrates the main functional blocks of the 3D3608 & 3D3612. Since these devices are CMOS designs, all unused input pins must be returned to well-defined logic levels, VDD or Ground.

The pulse generator architecture is comprised of a number of delay cells (for fine control) and an oscillator & counter (for coarse control). Each device is individually trimmed for maximum accuracy and linearity throughout the address range. The change in pulse width from one address setting to the next is called the *increment*, or LSB. It is nominally equal to the device dash number. The minimum pulse width, achieved by setting the address to zero, is called the *inherent pulse width*.

For best performance, it is essential that the power supply pin be adequately bypassed and filtered. In addition, the power bus should be of as low an impedance construction as possible. Power planes are preferred. Also, signal traces should be kept as short as possible.

PULSE WIDTH ACCURACY

There are a number of ways of characterizing the pulse width accuracy of a programmable pulse generator. The first is the *differential nonlinearity* (DNL), also referred to as the increment error. It is defined as the deviation of the increment at a given address from its nominal value. For most dash numbers, the DNL is within 0.5 LSB at every address (see Table 1: Pulse Width Step).

The *integrated nonlinearity* (INL) is determined by first constructing the least-squares best fit straight line through the pulse-width-versusaddress data. The INL is then the deviation of a given width from this line. For all dash numbers, the INL is within 1.0 LSB at every address.

The *relative error* is defined as follows:

$$e_{rel} = (t_{PW} - t_{inh}) - addr * t_{inc}$$

where addr is the address, t_{PW} is the measured width at this address, t_{inh} is the measured inherent width, and t_{inc} is the nominal increment. It is very similar to the INL, but simpler to calculate. For most dash numbers, the relative error is less than 1.0 LSB at every address (see Table 1).

The absolute error is defined as follows:

$$e_{abs} = t_{PW} - (t_{inh} + addr * t_{inc})$$

where t_{inh} is the nominal inherent delay. The absolute error is limited to 1.5 LSB or 3.0 ns, whichever is greater, at every address.

The *inherent pulse width error* is the deviation of the inherent width from its nominal value. It is limited to 2.0 ns from the nominal inherent pulse width of 15 ns.

PULSE WIDTH STABILITY

The characteristics of CMOS integrated circuits are strongly dependent on power supply and temperature. The 3D3608 & 3D3612 utilize novel compensation circuitry to minimize the performance variations induced by fluctuations in power supply and/or temperature.

With regard to stability, the output pulse width of the 3D3608 & 3D3612 at a given address, addr, can be split into two components: the *inherent pulse width* (t_{inh}) and the *relative pulse width* (t_{PW} - t_{inh}). These components exhibit very different stability coefficients, both of which must be considered in very critical applications.

The thermal coefficient of the relative pulse width is limited to ± 250 PPM/C (except for the -0.25), which is equivalent to a variation, over the -40C to 85C operating range, of $\pm 1.5\%$ ($\pm 9\%$ for the dash 0.25) from the room-temperature pulse width. This holds for all dash numbers. The thermal coefficient of the inherent pulse width is nominally +20ps/C for dash numbers less than 5, and +30ps/C for all other dash numbers.

The power supply sensitivity of the relative pulse width is $\pm 1.0\%$ ($\pm 3.0\%$ for the dash 0.25) over the 3.0V to 3.6V operating range, with respect to the pulse width at the nominal 3.3V power supply. This holds for all dash numbers. The sensitivity of the inherent pulse width is nominally -5ps/mV for all dash numbers.

It should also be noted that the DNL is also adversely affected by thermal and supply variations, particularly at the MSL/LSB crossovers (ie, 63 to 64, 127 to 128, etc).

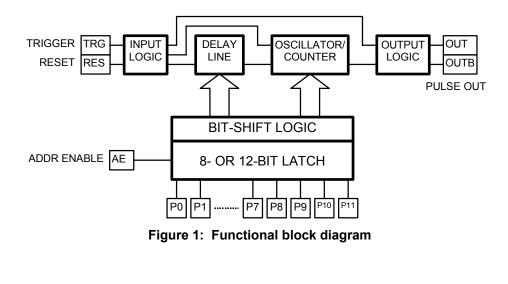
APPLICATION NOTES (CONT'D)

TRIGGER & RESET TIMING

Figure 2 shows the timing diagram of the device when the reset input (RES) is not used. In this case, the pulse is triggered by the rising edge of the TRIG signal and ends at a time determined by the address loaded into the device. While the pulse is active, any additional triggers occurring are ignored. Once the pulse has ended, and after a short recovery time, the next trigger is recognized. Figure 3 shows the timing for the case where a reset is issued before the pulse has ended. Again, there is a short recovery time required before the next trigger can occur.

ADDRESS UPDATE

The 3D3608/3D3612 can operate in one of two addressing modes. In the transparent mode (AE held high), the parallel address inputs must persist for the duration of the output pulse, in accordance with Figure 4. In the latched mode, the address data is stored internally, which allows the parallel inputs to be connected to a multi-purpose data bus. Timing for this mode is also shown in Figure 4.



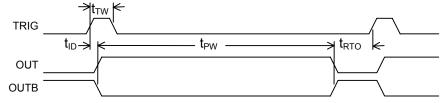
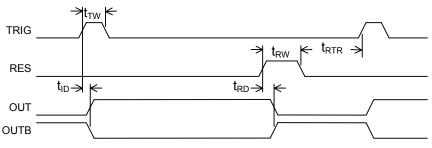


Figure 2: Timing Diagram (RES=0)





APPLICATION NOTES (CONT'D)

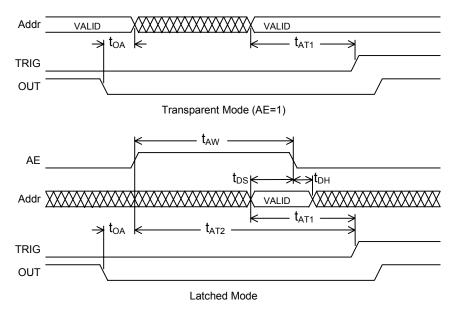


Figure 4: Address Update

DEVICE SPECIFICATIONS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
DC Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	-0.3	7.0	V	
Input Pin Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	V _{DD} +0.3	V	
Input Pin Current	I _{IN}	-10	10	mA	25C
Storage Temperature	T _{STRG}	-55	150	С	
Lead Temperature	T _{LEAD}		300	С	10 sec

TABLE 2: ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

TABLE 3: DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40C to 85C, 3.0V to 3.6V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Static Supply Current*	I _{DD}		8.0	12.0	mA	
High Level Input Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0			V	
Low Level Input Voltage	V _{IL}			0.8	V	
High Level Input Current	I _{IH}			1.0	μA	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$
Low Level Input Current	IIL			1.0	μA	$V_{IL} = 0V$
High Level Output Current	I _{ОН}		-35.0	-4.0	mA	V _{DD} = 3.0V V _{OH} = 2.4V
Low Level Output Current	I _{OL}	4.0	15.0		mA	$V_{DD} = 3.0V$ $V_{OL} = 0.4V$
Output Rise & Fall Time	T _R & T _F		2.0	2.5	ns	$C_{LD} = 5 \text{ pf}$

*I_{DD}(Dynamic) = 2 * C_{LD} * V_{DD} * F

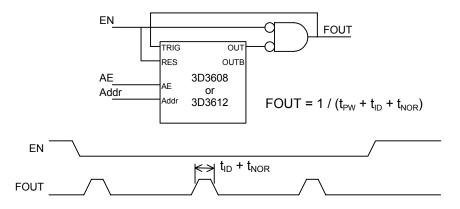
where: C_{LD} = Average capacitance load/output (pf) F = Trigger frequency (GHz) Input Capacitance = 5 pf typical Output Load Capacitance (C_{LD}) = 25 pf max

TABLE 4:	AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(-40C to	85C,	3.0V	to	3.6V)	
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PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	REFER TO
Trigger Width	t _{TW}	5			ns	Figure 2 & 3
Trigger Inherent Delay	t _{ID}			5	ns	Figure 2 & 3
Output Pulse Width	t _{PW}				ns	Figure 2
Re-trigger Time	t _{RTO}	3			ns	Figure 2
Reset Width	t _{RW}	TBD			ns	Figure 3
Reset to Output Low	t _{RD}			5	ns	Figure 3
End of Reset to Next Trigger	t _{RTR}	3			ns	Figure 3
AE Width	t _{AW}	12			ns	Figure 4
Data Setup to AE Low	t _{DS}	10			ns	Figure 4
Data Hold from AE Low	t _{DH}	3			ns	Figure 4
Output Low to AE High	t _{OA}	3			ns	Figure 4
Data Valid to Trigger	t _{AT1}	10			ns	Figure 4
AE High to Trigger	t _{AT2}	10			ns	Figure 4

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS





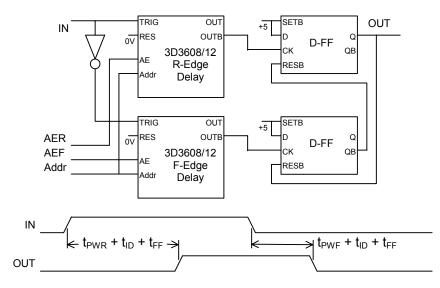


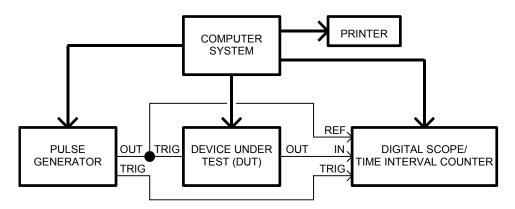
Figure 6: Programmable Delay Line

SILICON DEVICE AUTOMATED TESTING

INPUT: Ambient Temperature: Supply Voltage (Vcc): Input Pulse:		OUTPUT: R _{load} : C _{load} : Threshold:	$10K\Omega\pm10\%$ 5pf \pm 10% 1.5V (Rising & Falling)
Source Impedance: Rise/Fall Time:	50Ω Max. 3.0 ns Max. (measured between 0.6V and 2.4V)	O	CKΩ Digital
Pulse Width: Period:	$PW_{IN} = 20ns$ $PER_{IN} = 2 \times Prog'd Pulse Width$	Under Test	$470\Omega \qquad \qquad$

TEST CONDITIONS

NOTE: The above conditions are for test only and do not in any way restrict the operation of the device.





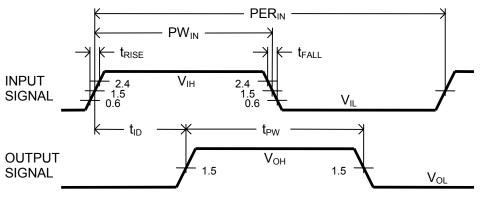


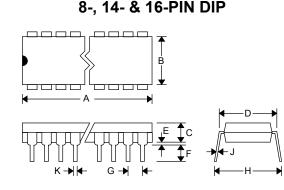
Figure 8: Timing Diagram

CASE DIMENSIONS/MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

MONOLITHIC DELAY LINE CASE DIMENSIONS/ MECHANICAL DRAWINGS

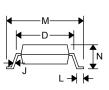


8-, 14- & 16-PIN GULL-WING



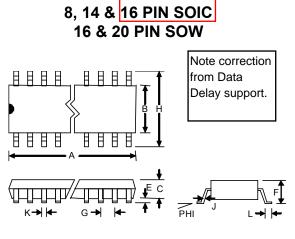
	8-PIN (M)		14-PIN		16-	PIN
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A IN.	0.360	0.400	0.740	0.780	0.740	0.780
MM	9.14	10.16	18.80	19.81	18.80	19.81
B IN.	0.240	0.260	0.240	0.260	0.240	0.260
MM	6.10	6.60	6.10	6.60	6.10	6.60
C IN.	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140
MM	3.05	3.56	3.05	3.56	3.05	3.56
D IN.	0.300	0.325	0.300	0.325	0.300	0.325
MM	7.62	8.26	7.62	8.26	7.62	8.26
E IN.	0.015	0.040	0.015	0.040	0.015	0.040
MM	0.38	1.02	0.38	1.02	0.38	1.02
FIN.	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140
MM	3.04	3.56	3.04	3.56	3.04	3.56
G IN.	0.090	0.110	0.090	0.110	0.090	0.110
MM	2.29	2.79	2.29	2.79	2.29	2.79
H IN.	0.320	0.370	0.320	0.370	0.320	0.370
MM	8.13	9.40	8.13	9.40	8.13	9.40
JIN.	0.008	0.012	0.008	0.012	0.008	0.012
MM	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.30
K IN.	0.015	0.021	0.015	0.021	0.015	0.021
MM	0.38	0.53	0.38	0.53	0.38	0.53

■ ■ ■
E ↓C ↓



PKG:	8-PII	N (H)	14-P	14-PIN (G)		N (G)
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A IN.	0.345	0.400	0.740	0.780	0.740	0.780
MM	8.76	10.16	18.80	19.81	18.80	19.81
B IN.	0.240	0.260	0.240	0.260	0.240	0.260
MM	6.10	6.60	6.10	6.60	6.10	6.60
C IN.	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140	0.120	0.140
MM	3.05	3.56	3.05	3.56	3.05	3.56
D IN.	0.300	0.325	0.300	0.325	0.300	0.325
MM	7.62	8.26	7.62	8.26	7.62	8.26
E IN.	0.020	0.050	0.020	0.050	0.020	0.050
MM	0.51	1.03	0.51	1.03	0.51	1.03
G IN.	0.090	0.110	0.090	0.110	0.090	0.110
MM	2.29	2.79	2.29	2.79	2.29	2.79
J IN.	0.008	0.012	0.008	0.012	0.008	0.012
MM	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.30	0.20	0.30
K IN.	0.015	0.021	0.015	0.021	0.015	0.021
MM	0.38	0.53	0.38	0.53	0.38	0.53
L IN.	0.030	0.050	0.030	0.050	0.030	0.050
MM	0.76	1.27	0.76	1.27	0.76	1.27
M IN.	0.370	0.430	0.370	0.430	0.370	0.430
MM	9.40	10.92	9.40	10.92	9.40	10.92
N IN.	0.160	0.180	0.160	0.180	0.160	0.180
MM	4.06	4.57	4.06	4.57	4.06	4.57

min 0.387, max 0.398



PKG:		8-PIN (Z)		14-PIN (D)		16-PIN (R)		6-PIN (S)		20-PIN (W)	
DIM		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	IN.	0.188	0.196	0.337	0.348	0.337	0.048	0.402	0.412	0.502	0.512
	MM	4.78	4.98	8.55	8.84	8.55	8.84	10.21	10.46	12.75	13.00
в	IN.	0.150	0.158	0.150	0.157	0.150	0.157	0.290	0.300	0.290	0.300
	MM	3.81	4.01	3.80	4.00	3.80	4.00	7.37	7.65	7.37	7.65
С	IN.	0.052	0.062	0.052	0.062	0.052	0.062	0.089	0.095	0.089	0.095
	MM	1.32	1.57	1.32	1.57	1.32	1.57	2.26	2.41	2.26	2.41
Е	IN.	0.004	0.010	0.004	0.010	0.004	0.010	0.004	0.012	0.004	0.012
	MM	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.25	0.10	0.30	0.10	0.30
F	IN.	0.058	0.068	0.058	0.069	0.058	0.069	0.094	0.105	0.094	0.105
	MM	1.47	1.73	1.47	1.75	1.47	1.75	2.38	2.68	2.38	2.68
G	IN.	0.050 BSC		0.050 BSC		0.050 BSC		0.050 BSC		0.050 BSC	
	MM	1.27 BSC		1.27 BSC		1.27 BSC		1.27 BSC		1.27 BSC	
Η	IN.	0.230	0.244	0.228	0.244	0.228	0.244	0.398	0.419	0.398	0.419
	MM	5.84	6.20	5.80	6.20	5.80	6.20	10.11	10.65	10.11	10.65
J	IN.	0.007	0.010	0.007	0.010	0.007	0.010	0.009	0.013	0.009	0.013
	MM	0.19	0.25	0.19	0.25	0.19	0.25	0.23	0.33	0.23	0.33
K	IN.	0.013	0.019	0.013	0.019	0.013	0.019	0.013	0.019	0.013	0.019
	MM	0.33	0.49	0.33	0.49	0.33	0.49	0.33	0.49	0.33	0.49
L	IN.	0.016	0.035	0.027	0.035	0.027	0.035	0.016	0.040	0.016	0.040
	MM	0.40	0.89	0.69	0.89	0.69	0.89	0.40	1.02	0.40	1.02
PHI		0 DEG	8 DEG	0 DEG	8 DEG	0 DEG	8 DEG	0 DEG	8 DEG	0 DEG	8 DEG